## IN THE SPECIFICATION

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 4, line 16 to page 5, line 5, as follows:

To drive the pixel 16, a video signal which represents brightness information is first applied to the source signal line 18 with the gate signal line 17a selected. Then, the transistor [[11a]] 11b conducts, the storage capacitance 19 is charged or discharged, and gate potential of the transistor [[11b]] 11a matches the potential of the video signal. When the gate signal line 17a is deselected, the transistor 11a is turned off and the transistor 11b is cut off electrically from the source signal line 18. However, the gate potential of the transistor 11a is maintained stably by the storage capacitance (capacitor) 19. Current delivered to the EL element 15 via the transistor 11a depends on gate-source voltage Vgs of the transistor 11a and the EL element 15 continues to emit light at an intensity which corresponds to the amount of current supplied via the transistor [[11a]] 11d.

Please amend the paragraph at page 44, lines 10-16, as follows:

The second timing is the one when the transistor [[11a]] 11b and transistor 11c are closed and the transistor 11d is opened. The equivalent circuit available at this time is shown in Figure 3(b). The source-gate voltage of the transistor 11a is maintained. In this case, since the transistor 11a always operates in a saturation region, the current Iw remains constant.

Please cancel the original Abstract at page 381 in its entirety and insert therefor the following replacement Abstract on a separate sheet as follows: